

	Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Design	Develop own designs and select materials Create and adapt designs	Pupils should be taught to: use their knowledge of existing products and their own experience to help generate their ideas; design products that have a purpose and are aimed at an intended user; Work in a range of relevant contexts, for example imaginary, story-based, home, school and the wider environment.	Pupils should be taught to: Explain how their products will look and work through talking and simple annotated drawings; design models using simple computing software; plan and test ideas using templates and mock-ups; understand and follow simple design criteria	Pupils should be taught to: identify the design features of their products that will appeal to intended customers; use their knowledge of a broad range of existing products to help generate their ideas; design innovative and appealing products that have a clear purpose and are aimed at a specific user; explain how particular parts of their products work; use annotated sketches and cross-sectional drawings to develop and communicate their ideas;	Pupils should be taught to: design innovative and	Pupils should be taught to: Use research to inform and develop detailed design criteria to inform the design of innovative, functional and appealing products that are fit for purpose and aimed at a target market; Explain how particular parts of their products work generate a range of design ideas and clearly communicate final designs.	Pupils should be taught to: use research to inform and develop detailed design criteria to inform the design of innovative, functional and appealing products that are fit for purpose and aimed at a target market; use their knowledge of a broad range of existing products to help generate their ideas; design products that have a clear purpose and indicate the design features of their products that will appeal to the intended user; use annotated sketches, cross-sectional drawings and exploded diagrams consider the availability and costings of resources when planning out designs

	Explore tools and their uses –	Pupils should be taught to:	Pupils should be taught to:	Pupils should be taught to:	Pupils should be taught to:	Pupils should be taught to:	Pupils should be taught to:
	• Scissors	with support, follow a simple					
	 Paint brushes; different thickness with variety of paint Glue – stick and pya 	plan or recipe; begin to select from a range of	select from a range of materials, textiles and components according to their characteristics	making in a systematic	with growing confidence, carefully select from a range of tools and equipment, explaining their choices;	with growing confidence, select from a wide range of tools and equipment, explaining	independently plan by suggesting what to do next
Make	,	hand tools and equipment, such as scissors, graters, zesters, safe knives, juicer explore and evaluate existing products mainly through discussions use a range of materials and components, including textiles and food ingredients; cut, peel and grate ingredients,	· ·	order; Practical skills and techniques learn to use a range of tools and equipment safely, appropriately and accurately and learn to follow hygiene procedures; use a wider range of materials and components, including construction materials and kits, textiles and mechanical and electrical components; with growing independence, measure and mark out to the nearest cm and millimetre; cut, shape and score materials with some	explaining their choices; select from a range of materials and components according to their functional properties and aesthetic qualities; use a wider range of materials and components, including construction materials and kits, textiles and mechanical and electrical components demonstrate how to measure, cut, shape and join fabric with some accuracy to make a simple product; join textiles with an appropriate sewing technique; begin to select and use different and appropriate finishing techniques to improve the appearance of a		select from a range of materials and components according to their functional properties and aesthetic qualities; create step-by-step plans as a guide to making independently take exact measurements and mark out, to within 1 millimetre; use a full range of materials and components, including construction materials and kits, textiles, and mechanical components; cut a range of materials with precision and accuracy; shape and score materials with precision and
			product, such as adding simple decorations		product such as hemming, tie-dye, fabric paints and digital graphics		demonstrate how to measure, make a seam allowance, tape, pin, cut, shape and join fabric with precision to

							make a more complex product; join textiles using a greater variety of stitches, such as backstitch, whip stitch, blanket stitch; refine the finish using techniques to improve the appearance of their product, such as sanding or a more precise scissor cut after roughly cutting out a shape.
		Pupils should be taught to:	Pupils should be taught to: explore and evaluate existing	Pupils should be taught to: consider their design criteria	Pupils should be taught to: explore and evaluate	Pupils should be taught to: complete detailed	Pupils should be taught to: critically evaluate the quality
ıte	Create and adapt designs explore and evaluate existing products mainly through discussions, comparisons and simple written evaluations talk about their design ideas and what they are making	products mainly through discussions, comparisons and simple written evaluations explain positives and things to improve for existing products; explore what materials products are made from	as they make progress and are willing to alter their plans, sometimes considering the views of others if this helps them to improve their product; evaluate their product	existing products, explaining the purpose of the product and whether it is designed well to meet the intended purpose; explore what materials/ingredients	competitor analysis of other products on the market evaluate their ideas and products against the original design criteria	of design, manufacture and fitness for purpose of products as they design and make; evaluate their ideas and products against the	
Evaluate			as they work, start to identify strengths and possible changes they might make to refine their existing design; evaluate their products and ideas against their simple design criteria;	against their original design criteria; evaluate the key events, including technological developments, and designs of individuals in design and technology that have helped shape	products are made from and suggest reasons for this;		original design criteria, making changes as needed.
			start to understand that the iterative process sometimes involves repeating different stages of the process	the world.			

		Pupils should be taught to:	Pupils should be taught to:	Pupils should be taught to:	Pupils should be taught to:	Pupils should be taught to:	Pupils should be taught to:
Technical knowledge	 Explore tools and their uses – Scissors Paint brushes; different thickness with variety of paint Glue – stick and pva 	build simple structures, exploring how they can be made stronger, stiffer and more stable; talk about and start to understand the simple working characteristics of materials and components; explore and create products using mechanisms, such as levers, sliders and wheels.	build simple structures, exploring how they can be made stronger, stiffer and more stable; talk about and start to understand the simple working characteristics of materials and components; explore and create products using mechanisms, such as levers, sliders and wheels	understand that materials have both functional properties and aesthetic qualities; apply their understanding of how to strengthen, stiffen and reinforce more complex structures in order to create more useful characteristics of products; understand and demonstrate how mechanical and electrical systems have an input and output process; explain how mechanical systems such as levers and linkages create movement;	understand and demonstrate how mechanical and electrical systems have an input and output process; make and represent simple electrical circuits, such as a series and parallel, and components to create functional products; use mechanical systems in their products	apply their understanding of how to strengthen, stiffen and reinforce more complex structures in order to create more useful characteristics of products; understand and demonstrate that mechanical and electrical systems have an input, process and output apply their understanding of computing to program, monitor and control a product	explain how mechanical systems, such as cams, create movement and use mechanical systems in their products

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Cooking and nutrition	understand that all food comes from plants or animals; understand that food has to be farmed, grown elsewhere (e.g. home) or caug	explain where in the world different foods originate from name and sort foods into the five groups in the Eatwell Guide use what they know about the Eatwell Guide to design and prepare dishes	Pupils should be taught to: understand that all food comes from plants or animals; understand that food has to be farmed, grown elsewhere (e.g. home) or caught understand that everyone should eat at least five portions of fruit and vegetables every day and start to explain why	predominantly savoury dishes safely and hygienically; use a range of techniques such as mashing, whisking, crushing, grating, cutting, kneading and baking; prepare ingredients using appropriate cooking utensils; measure and weigh ingredients to the nearest gram and millilitre; start to independently follow a recipe;	Pupils should be taught to: start to know when, where and how food is grown (such as herbs, tomatoes and strawberries) in the UK, Europe and the wider world with support, use a heat source to cook ingredients showing awareness of the need to control the temperature of the hob and/or oven use a range of techniques such as mashing, whisking, crushing, grating, cutting, kneading and baking; explain that a healthy diet is made up of a variety and balance of different food and drink, as represented in the Eatwell Guide and be able to apply these principles when planning and cooking dishes; understand that to be active and healthy, nutritious food and drink are needed to provide energy for the body	grown (such as pears, wheat and potatoes), reared (such as poultry and cattle) and caught (such as fish) in the UK, Europe and the wider world; understand about seasonality, how this may affect the food availability and plan recipes according to seasonality; understand that food is processed into ingredients that can be eaten or used in cooking explain that foods contain	demonstrate how to prepare and cook a variety of predominantly savoury dishes safely and hygienically including, where appropriate, the use of a heat source; demonstrate how to use a range of cooking techniques, such as griddling, grilling, frying and boiling; adapt and refine recipes by adding or substituting one or more ingredients to change the appearance, taste, texture and aroma measure accurately and calculate ratios of ingredients to scale up or down from a recipe; independently follow a recipe